

WRITE

$$m(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 2 \\ t^2 \xleftarrow{f(t)}, & 2 < t < 5 \\ t^3 + 2t^2 \xleftarrow{f(t)+g(t)}, & 5 < t < 6 \\ t^4 - 2t^3 \xleftarrow{f(t)+g(t)+h(t)}, & t > 6 \end{cases}$$

IN HEAVISIDE NOTATION

$$\begin{aligned} & u(t-2) t^2 + u(t-5) (t^3 + 2t^2 - t^2) + u(t-6) (t^4 - 2t^3 - (t^3 + 2t^2)) \\ &= u(t-2) t^2 + u(t-5) (t^3 + t^2) + u(t-6) (t^4 - 3t^3 - 2t^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t-a)f(t)\} = \int_0^\infty e^{-st} u(t-a)f(t) dt$$

$$= \int_a^\infty e^{-st} f(t) dt$$

$$= \int_0^\infty e^{-s(v+a)} f(v+a) dv$$

LET $v = t - a$ $\begin{cases} t = \infty \rightarrow v = \infty \\ t = a \rightarrow v = a - a = 0 \\ dt = dv \end{cases}$

$$= \int_0^\infty e^{-sv} e^{-sa} f(v+a) dv$$

$$= e^{-as} \int_0^\infty e^{-sv} f(v+a) dv$$

$$= e^{-as} \int_0^\infty e^{-st} f(t+a) dt = e^{-as} \mathcal{L}\{f(t+a)\}$$

$$\text{IF } f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 2 \\ t, & t > 2 \end{cases}, \text{ FIND } \mathcal{L}\{f\}$$

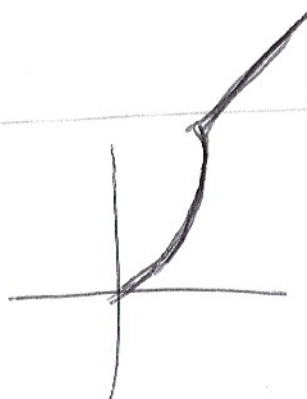
$$= u(t-2)(t-0)$$

$$= u(t-2)t$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{u(t-2)t\} = e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{g(t+2)\} = e^{-2s} \left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{2}{s} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\ a=2 \quad g(t)=t \\ \quad \quad g(t+2)=t+2 \end{array}$$

$$\text{IF } f(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t < 1 \\ t^2, & 1 < t < 3 \\ 3t, & 3 < t \end{cases}$$



$$\text{THEN } f(t) = t + \begin{cases} 0, & 0 < t < 1 \\ t^2 - t, & 1 < t < 3 \\ 3t - t, & t > 3 \end{cases}$$

$$= t + u(t-1)(t^2 - t) + u(t-3)(3t - \cancel{t} - (\cancel{t^2} - \cancel{t}))$$

$$= t + u(t-1)(t^2 - t) + u(t-3)(3t - t^2)$$

SO (CONT'D)

$$\mathcal{L}\{t + u(t-1)(t^2-t) + u(t-3)(3t-t^2)\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} + e^{-s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right) + e^{-3s} \left(-\frac{2}{s^3} - \frac{3}{s^2} \right)$$

$g(t) = t^2 - t$
 $g(t+1) = (t+1)^2 - (t+1) = t^2 + t$
 $h(t) = 3t - t^2$
 $h(t+3) = 3(t+3) - (t+3)^2 = -t^2 - 3t$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ e^{-s} \left(\frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right) \right\} = u(t-1)(t^2-t)$$

e^{-as}
 $a=1$
 $\mathcal{L}\{f(t+a)\}$
 $= \mathcal{L}\{f(t+1)\}$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{2}{s^3} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right\} = t^2 + t$$

$$f(t+1) = t^2 + t$$

$$f((t-1)+1) = (t-1)^2 + (t-1)$$

$$f(t) = t^2 - t$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \{ e^{-as} F(s) \}$$

IDENTIFY a

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{g(t+a)\} =$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{g(t+a) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}(t)$$

$$g((t-a)+a) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}(t-a)$$

$$g(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}(t-a)$$

$$\rightarrow = u(t-a) \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F\}(t-a)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ e^{-3s} \left(-\frac{2}{s^3} - \frac{3}{s^2} \right) \right\}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$u(t-3) (-t^2 + 3t)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ -\frac{2}{s^3} - \frac{3}{s^2} \right\}$$

$$= -t^2 - 3t$$

$$-(t-3)^2 - 3(t-3)$$

$$-t^2 + 3t$$

SOLVE $y' + y = \begin{cases} 1, & x < 1 \\ 2, & x > 1 \end{cases}, y(0) = 3$

$$= 1 + u(t-1)(2-1) = 1 + u(t-1)$$

$$sY - \cancel{y(0)}^3 + Y = \frac{1}{s} + e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s}$$

$\uparrow p(t) = 1$
 $f(t+1) = 1 \rightarrow \mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{s}$

$$\cancel{(s+1)}Y = \frac{3 + \frac{1}{s} + e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s}}{s+1} = \frac{3}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s(s+1)} + e^{-s} \cdot \frac{1}{s(s+1)}$$

$$Y = \frac{3}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+1} + e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+1} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+1)} = \frac{\cancel{A}}{s} + \frac{\cancel{B}^{-1}}{s+1}$$

$$1 = A(s+1) + Bs$$

$$s=0: 1 = A$$

$$s=-1: 1 = -B \rightarrow B = -1$$

MANDATORY SANITY CHECK

$$s=-2: \frac{1}{(-2)(-1)} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{-2} - \frac{1}{-1} = -\frac{1}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark$$

$$y = 3e^{-t} + \underbrace{1 - e^{-t}} + u(t-1)(1 - e^{-(t-1)})$$

$$= 2e^{-t} + 1 + u(t-1)(1 - e^{-(t-1)})$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2e^{-t} + 1, & \text{IF } t < 1 \\ 2e^{-t} + 1 + 1 - e^{-(t-1)}, & \text{IF } t > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 2e^{-t} + 1, & \text{IF } t < 1 \\ 2e^{-t} - e^{-(t-1)} + 2, & \text{IF } t > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{matrix} e^t e \\ (2-e)e^{-t} + 2 \end{matrix}$$